



## **HQExo**<sup>TM</sup> Microvesicles-SK-N-SH

Catalog: LEV-06

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Name	HQExo™ Microvesicles-SK-N-SH
Cat No.	LEV-06
Source	Microvesicles derived from human neuroblastoma (SK-N-SH cell line)
	Microvesicles are a type of extracellular vesicles (EVs) that are derived by cell membrane blebbing with a dia
	meter from 100 nm to 1000 nm. While exosomes are smaller with a diameter between 30-160 nm and released
	by cell exocytosis. Microvesicles involve in intercellular cross-talk and can transport molecules such as mRN
	A, miRNA, lipids and proteins between cells, which make microvesicle play an important role in disease diag
	osis. Due to its molecular transfer function, circulating microvesicles may be useful for the delivery of drugs t
	specific target cells. HQExo <sup>TM</sup> microvesicles isolated from cancer cell lines could use as positive controls for
Product Overview	LISA, FACS, WB. It has been reported that microvesicle express CD40, selectins, integrins, and cytoskeletal
	roteins, and their membranes are highly enriched in cholesterol, phosphatidylserine, and diacylglycerol. Micro
	vesicles/exosomes has attracted more and more attention to anti-cancer research and regeneration. Microvesic
	es can be purified by ultracentrifugation and precipitation, then characterized by nanoparticles tracking analyst
	s (NTA) and ELISA or WB. Lyophilization is useful for a long-term storage at 4°C, and frozen liquid should
	e kept at -20°C to -80°C. Creative Biostructure standard microvesicles products guarantee higher purity and q
	ality to meet our customer's downstream analyses.
Form	Lyophilized powder. Reconstitute lyophilized exosome by adding deionized water for a desired final concentration
	tion. Centrifuge before opening to ensure exosomes are at bottom, resuspend exosomes by pipetting and/or vo
	tex, please avoid bubbles. Centrifuge again and mix well for using.
Concentration	>1x10^9 particles
Storage	Lyophilized powder store at 4 °C. Resuspension store at -80°C. Recommended to avoid repeated freeze-and-t
	raw cycles.