



CRYM Protein Crystal

Catalog: CBCRY14

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Name	CRYM Protein Crystal
Cat No.	CBCRY14
Fragment	Full length
Protein Description	Mu-crystallin homolog
Background	Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific and ubiquitous. The former class is also called phylog enetically-restricted crystallins. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and mainta ins the transparency and refractive index of the lens. This gene encodes a taxon-specific crystallin protein that binds NADPH and has sequence similarity to bacterial ornithine cyclodeaminases. The encoded protein does n ot perform a structural role in lens tissue, and instead it binds thyroid hormone for possible regulatory or devel opmental roles. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.
Protein Classification	Oxidoreductase
Structure Weight	68589.65 Da
Method	X-Ray Diffraction
Resolution	2.6 Å
Ligand Chemical Component	NAD
Reference	Cheng, Z., Sun, L., He, J., Gong, W. (2007) Crystal structure of human {micro}-crystallin complexed with NA DPH Protein Sci. 16: 329-335