



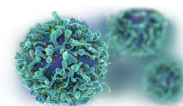
HQExo™ Exosome-NSC

Catalog: Exo-SC06

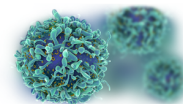
Exosomes are small endosome derived lipid nanoparticles (30-160 nm in diameter) secreted by exocytosis by most living cells and contain specific cargos, such as RNAs, lipids, and proteins. The cargos amount and composition of exosomes depend on the cell type from which they are released, which making them useful for biomarker discovery and functional characterization. Exosomes have been isolated from mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs), which have captured great attention in regenerative and translational medicine over a few decades due to their low immunogenicity, high biocompatibility, differentiation capacity, potent immunomodulatory properties, and their ability to be favorably cultured and manipulated. Exosomes transfer functional cargos like miRNA and mRNA molecules, peptides, proteins, cytokines and lipids from MSCs to the recipient cells, which contributes to the healing of necrotic tissues and organs or apoptotic cells HQExo™ exosomes derived from MSCs could use as positive controls for exosome isolation and functional research, such as ELISA, FACS, WB. With the unique capacity of proliferation and differentiation, exosomes derived from MSCs represented a great opportunity for regenerative therapeutic agents. For example, it has been reported that exosomes from cardiomyocytes or stem/progenitor cells can promote cardiac repair and regeneration. Lyophilization is useful for a long-term storage at 4°C, and frozen liquid should be kept at -20°C to -80°C. Ultracentrifugation and precipitation techniques are mainly used in exosome Isolation. It had been reported that both methods yielded extracellular vesicles in the size range of exosomes and included apoproteins, which can be used in downstream analyses. Nanoparticles Tracking Analysis (NTA) is used for measuring exosome particles concentration, and WB or ELISA can be used in exosomal biomarkers analysis. Creative Biostructure standard exosome products guarantee higher purity and quality to meet our customer research.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Name	HQExo™ Exosome-NSC
Catalog Number	Exo-SC06



Source	Exosome derived from human neural stem cell
Product Overview	Exosomes are small endosome derived lipid nanoparticles (30-160 nm in diameter) secreted by exocytosis by most living cells and contain specific cargos, such as RNAs, lipids, and proteins. The cargos amount and composition of exosomes depend on the cell type from which they are released, which making them useful for biomarker discovery and functional characterization. Exosomes have been isolated from mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs), which have captured great attention in regenerative and translational medicine over a few decades due to their low immunogenicity, high biocompatibility, differentiation capacity, potent immunomodulatory properties, and their ability to be favorably cultured and manipulated. Exosomes transfer functional cargos like miRNA and mRNA molecules, peptides, proteins, cytokines and lipids from MSCs to the recipient cells, which contributes to the healing of necrotic tissues and organs or apoptotic cells HQExo™ exosomes derived from MSCs could use as positive controls for exosome isolation and functional research, such as ELISA, FACS, WB. With the unique capacity of proliferation and differentiation, exosomes derived from MSCs represented a great opportunity for regenerative therapeutic agents. For example, it has been reported that exosomes from cardiomyocytes or stem/progenitor cells can promote cardiac repair and regeneration. Lyophilization is useful for a long-term storage at 4°C, and frozen liquid should be kept at -20°C to -80°C. Ultracentrifugation and precipitation techniques are mainly used in exosome Isolation. It had been reported that both methods yielded extracellular vesicles in the size range of exosomes and included apoproteins, which can be used in downstream analyses. Nanoparticles Tracking Analysis (NTA) is used for measuring exosome particles concentration, and WB or ELISA can be used in exosomal biomarkers analysis. Creative Biostructure standard exosome products guarantee higher purity and quality to meet our customer research.
Form	Frozen liquid
Concentration	1x10 ⁶ particles/ml


Storage

Frozen liquid store at -20°C to -80°C. Recommended to avoid repeated freeze-and-thaw cycles.

USAGE GUIDELINES

General Handling

Avoid excessive mixing or vortexing to prevent aggregation. Long-term storage above -80°C may result in aggregate formation. Thaw on ice before use.

Storage

Short term: +2°C to +8°C (up to 1 week)
Long term: -80°C (stable for 12 months)

Stability

Stable for 12 months at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Freeze / Thaw

Can be frozen, but limit to 3 freeze/thaw cycles to maintain particle integrity.

Important: This product is for **research use only**. Not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic applications. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for complete handling and safety information.